

111162015000433



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SECBuilding, EDSA, Greenhills, Mandaluyong City, MetroManila, Philippines Tel: (632) 726-0931 to 39 Fax: (632) 725-5293 Email: mis@sec.gov.ph

Barcode Page

The following document has been received:

Receiving Officer/Encoder : Buen Jose Mose - COS

Receiving Branch : SEC Head Office

Receipt Date and Time: November 16, 2015 10:59:31 AM

Received From : Head Office

Company Representative

Doc Source

Company Information

SEC Registration No. 0000145490

Company Name SHANG PROPERTIES, INC.

Industry Classification

Company Type Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID 111162015000433

Document Type 17-Q (FORM 11-Q:QUARTERLY REPORT/FS)

Document Code 17-Q

Period Covered September 30, 2015

No. of Days Late 0
Department CFD

Remarks

COVER SHEET

																							1	4	5	4 Reg	9 pistra	0 ation	ı Nu	ımbe	er e	
3	Н	Α	N	G		Р	R	0	Р	E	R	Т	1	Е	s	,		1	N	С												
																																i k
																		F														
																		Τ														
_																														Г		
														(Co	mpa	ny's	Fu	II Na	me)										-		
5	Т	Н		L	٧	L		Α	D	M	1	N	1	s	Т	R	A	T	1	0	N		0	F	F	1	С	E				
=	D	s	Α		С	0	R	N	E	R		S	Н	Α	W		В	0	U	L	E	٧	Α	R	D							
N	Α	N	D	Α	L	U	Υ	0	N	G		С	1	Т	Υ																	
			П									ness																				
	2 onth (Fis	J	D	1 Pay r)]							(Se	cond	-	7 (For		TAE/		lf Ap	oplic	ablo	e)							onti	n nal M		ay ing)
-	- 4 - 5		ilata.	e Ho	is D																	L	Am	enc	led i	Artic	les	Nun	nhe	dSe	ction	1
e	pt. r	requ	211.11.1	y un	15 01	00.																	1.30				unt o					
																						L	_					L				
ot	al N	lo. c	of St	ocki	nold	ers								2.2		22		202						ome	stic					ore		
	_	_	_			_		-	<u> </u>	3	o b	e ac	com	plis	hed	by :	SEC	Pe	rsor	nel	con	cen	ned									
			F	ile N	- 	her			L						L	CU	_		-		24											
											_				10)	3.054					-											
				ocui	men				950	<u> </u>					∪a.	shie																
	-			5	STA	A M	PS				1																					
	1										1											P	leas	e us	e B	LAC	CK ir	nk fo	rso	ann	ing	pur

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

1.	For the quarterly period ended	į	30 8	September 20	15	
2.	Commission Identification Number	11	145	490		
3.	BIR Tax Identification Number	Ţ	000	-144-386		
4.	SHANG PROPERTIES, INC. Exact name of the Issuer as specified	d in this	char	ter:		
5.	Province, country or other jurisdiction	of inco	rpora	ation or organ	ization: Not Applic	able
6.	Industry Classification Code:				(SEC Use Or	nly)
7.	Level 5, Shangri-La Plaza Mall, EDS Address of issuer's principal office	A cor S	haw	Boulevard, M	andaluyong City	1550 Postal Code
0	(632) 370-2700	0.000.00	odo			
8.	Issuer's telephone number, including	area o	ode			
٥	Cormor name, former address and to	rmor fic	-cools	oar if change	od einee laet renor	•
9.	Former name, former address and for	ormer na	scar y	rear, ii change	ed since last repor	
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sec	ctions 8	and	12 of the SRC	C, or Sections 4 an	d 8 of the RSA.
					Number of share	s of common stock
	Title of each Class			out		unt of debt outstanding
	Common Stock			-		common shares
		calaboration <u>a</u> t th	10.000 =	21 0 04 MORE TO WOLF		
11.	Are any or all of the securities listed			exchange?		
	Yes (x)	140	[]			
	If yes, state the name of such Stock	Exchar	ige a	nd the class/e	es of securities liste	ed therein:
		Philip	ppine	Stock Excha	nge	
12	. Indicate by check mark whether the	registra	ents		78	
14	. Indicate by check mark whether the	registro				
	(a) Has filed all reports required to Sections 11 of the RSA and RS Code of the Philippines, durin registrant was required to file su	A Rule	11(a prece	a)-1 thereunde eding twelve	er, and Sections 20	6 and 141 of the Corporation
	Yes [x]	No	П	1		
	(b) has been subject to such filing r	requirer	nents	s for the past	ninety (90) days.	621
	Yes (x)	No	1	1		
			-	5		20

PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Please see attached.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Please see attached.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the Issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SHANG PROPERTIES, INC.

Issuer

.

Group Financial Comptroller

Date of Signing: 13 November 2015

FEDERICO G. NOEL, Corporate Secretary

PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Key Performance Indicators

		Sept 30 2015	Sept 30 2014	Change
Turnover	(Php M)	6,090.2	4,648.0	31.0%
Profit attributable to shareholders	(Php M)	1,958.7	1,553.7	26.1%
Earnings per Share	(Php Ctv)	0.411	0.326	26.1%
Net Asset Value per share	(Php)	5.667	4.610	22.9%
Debt to Equity Ratio	(Ratio)	0.793:1	0.786:1	0.9%

- Turnover consists of Condominium Sales, Rental Revenue, Interest Income and Other Income. For the nine (9) months ended September 30, 2015, the Group's consolidated revenues amounted to P6,090.2 million, higher by P1,442.1 million or 31% from P4,648 million of total revenues realized in the same period last year. The condominium sales showed increment of P1,443.1 million mainly due to higher sales of condominium projects. Leasing operation posted a revenue growth of 2.2% or P42.4 million to P1,980.9 million in 2015 from P1,938.5 million in 2014. Other income decreased by P43.4 million.
- Profit attributable to equity holders of Parent Company amounted to P1,958.7 million, higher by P404.9 million or 26.1% compared with the same period last year.
- Earnings per share showed a positive variance of 26.1% to P0.411 from last year's P0.326.
- Net Asset value per share is calculated by dividing the total net asset of the Group (Total asset – Total liabilities and minority interest) by the number of shares outstanding. Net asset value per share increased by 22.9% mainly due to the income generated during the period.
- Debt to Equity measures the exposure of creditors to that of the stockholders. It
 gives an indication of how leveraged the group is. It is determined by dividing total
 debt by stockholder's equity. The Group's financial position remains solid with
 debt to equity ratio of 0.793:1 as of 30 September 2015 and 0.786:1 as of 30
 September 2014.

Financial Condition

Total assets of the Company amounted to P55,825 million, an increase of P1,142.9 million from total assets of P54,682.1 million in December 31, 2014. The following are significant movements in the assets:

- Increase in cash and cash equivalents by P518.7 million mainly due to collection from sales of condominium projects.
- Receivables decreased by P826.2 million mainly due to the collection of installment receivables and liquidation of advances to contractors and suppliers for the completed projects.
- Decrease in prepayments and other current assets by P139.6 million mainly due to the release of the cash in escrow on the sales proceeds of The Rise project after the approval and release of the permanent license to sell from Housing and Land Use Regulatory Board.
- Increase in real estate development projects by P1,295.6 million mainly pertains to construction cost of the hotel portion of Shangri-La at the Fort project.
- Property and equipment increased by P14.5 million mainly due to the purchased of hotel equipment.
- Increase in refundable deposits by P48.7 million mainly due to deposits paid for construction of the projects.
- The recognized deferred income tax assets decreased by P113.1 million mainly due to difference in accounting recognition of profit between installment method versus percentage of completion method.
- Current ratio is 2.44:1 as of September 30, 2015 from 2.37:1 as of December 31, 2014.

Total liabilities decreased by P2,207.5 million from P26,897.8 million in 2014 to P24,690.3 million in 2015 due to the following:

- Decrease in bank loans due to payments made during the period.
- Increase in dividends payable by P5.5 million due to higher cash dividends declared that were paid in subsequent periods.
- Increase in income tax by P64.1 million due to higher taxable income generated during the period.
- Decrease in accrued employee benefits by P28.4 million due to payments made during the period.
- Deposit for future stock subscription was converted in full into preferred shares.

 Decrease in deferred lease income by 15.8% or P6.0 million mainly due to amortization of lease using a straight-line method over the lease term.

Results of Operation

Consolidated Net Income for the period ended September 30, 2015 amounted to P1,958.7 million higher by 26.1% from last year's P1, 553.7 million due to the following:

- A. Increase in sales from condominium projects by P1,443.1 million or 59.4% mainly due to the higher sales and completion levels of various condominium projects.
- B. Revenue from leasing operations increased due to the net effect of the following:
 - Decrease in Shangri-La Plaza's revenue by P30.8 million or 2.7% mainly due to temporary close down of certain areas in the Main shopping mall for renovation.
 - Increase in The Enterprise Center's rental revenue by to P69.9 million or 10.8% mainly due to higher rental yield.
- C. Decrease in other income by P43.4 million mainly due to the decrease in interest income on discounting of receivables from installment contracts.

Total Expenses of the Group amounted to P2,991.9 million, higher by P656.5 million compared with last year's P2,335.5 million. This was mainly due to the following:

- Increase in cost of sales by P516 million mainly due to higher sales and completion level of various projects during the period.
- General and administrative expenses increase by P138.7 million or 43.2% mainly due to additional operational activities in Shangri-La at the Fort project.
- Increase in taxes and licenses by P17.7 million mainly due to payment of documentary stamp taxes on the issuance of capital shares of stock of Shang Global City Properties, Inc.
- Recovery of reimbursable expenses improved by P15.5 million mainly due to lower utility costs incurred.
- Increase in depreciation by P2.5 million or 17.5% due to depreciation of additional equipment acquisitions during the year.
- Insurance expense increased by P0.7 million or 5.7% mainly due to the additional insurance coverage of properties during the period.

Share in net loss of associates was lower by P3.2 million compared with same period last year mainly due to the decrease in expenses of an associated company.

Increase in net income attributable to minority interest was mainly due to the higher income generated by KSA Realty Corporation and Shang Global City Properties during the period.

Provision for income tax is higher by P253.3 million mainly due to higher taxable income generated during the year.

Financial Soundness Indicators

	End of September 2015	End of December 2014
Current Ratio ¹	2.44:1	2.37:1
Debt-to-equity ratio ²	0.79:1	0.97:1
Asset-to-equity ratio ³	1.79:1	1.97:1
	3Q 2015 ⁷	3Q 2014
Interest rate coverage ratio ⁴	23.20:1	17.24:1
Return on assets ⁵	7.1%	4.7%
Return on equity ⁶	13.3%	8.0%

¹Current assets/current liabilities

Item 2. Information required by Part III, Paragraph (A) (2) (b) of "Annex C" of SRC Rule 12

- There are no known trends or any known demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely result in the registrant's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.
- There are no known events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that
 is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of obligation.
- There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

²Total liabilities/stockholders' equity

³Total asset/stockholders' equity

⁴Income before interest and taxes/interest expense

⁵Net Income/average total assets

⁶Net Income/average stockholders' equity

⁷3Q Net income after tax annualized/average of end Sept-2015 and end Dec-14 assets and equity

- · There are no material commitments for capital expenditures.
- There are no known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably
 expected to have material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales or revenues or
 income from continuing operations.
- There are no significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the registrant's continuing operations.
- · There are no material changes in periodical reports.
- There are no seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial statements.

Item 3. Other Required Disclosures

- A.) The attached interim financial reports were prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standard. The accounting policies and methods of computation followed in these interim financial statements are the same compared with the audited financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2014.
- B.) Except as reported in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, there were no unusual items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income or cash flows for the interim period.
- C.) There were no changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior period that have material effects in the current interim period.
- D.) Except as disclosed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, there were no other issuances, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity securities.
- E.) There are no significant events that happened subsequent to September 30, 2015 up to the date of this report that needs disclosure herein.
- F.) For the required disclosure as per SEC letter dated October 29, 2008 on the evaluation of the company's risk exposure and financial instruments profile please see Note 10 of the attached interim financial statement.

SHANG PROPERTIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Amounts expressed in Php)

	Notes	Unaudited September 30 2015	Audited December 31 2014
ASSETS	110103	2010	
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		3,429,734,806	2,911,004,820
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		33,530,505	33,012,524
Receivables		3,336,071,355	4,162,249,384
Properties held for sale		5,779,849,871	5,773,117,694
Prepayments and other current assets		1,665,574,926	1,805,192,006
Total Current Assets		14,244,761,462	14,684,576,428
Non-Current Assets		. 110. 11. 22. 22.	
Investment in associates	4	415,529,716	410,790,229
Investment properties		27,443,183,729	27,110,867,488
Real estate development projects		12,506,890,527	11,211,283,922
Available-for-sale financial assets		502,822,842	502,822,842
	5	81,460,053	67,009,417
Property and equipment	(**)	269,870,864	269,870,864
Goodwill		117,205,887	68,493,754
Refundable deposits		243,288,998	356,407,946
Deferred income tax assets	UAS-	41,580,252,615	39,997,546,462
Total Non-Current Assets		55,825,014,077	54,682,122,890
Total Assets		33,023,014,077	34,002,122,070
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		5,040,681,283	4,883,213,157
Current portion of bank loans	6	. 190	583,333,333
Current portion of deposits from tenants		484,423,000	484,423,000
Current portion of deferred lease income		18,163,625	18,163,625
Dividends payable		109,812,767	104,294,980
Income tax payable		191,631,810	127,582,324
Total Current Liabilities		5,844,712,485	6,201,010,419
Non-Current Liabilities			W0700 X0 100
Accrued employee benefits		40,075,729	68,502,036
Bank loans- net of current portion	6	11,736,623,072	11,565,335,572
Deposit for future stock subscription			1,959,000,000
Deferred income tax liabilities		6,538,495,491	6,589,901,691
Deposit from tenants - net of current portion		516,369,557	494,021,217
Deferred lease income - net of current portion		13,978,618	20,018,731
Total Non-Current Liabilities		18,845,542,467	20,696,779,247
Total Liabilities		24,690,254,952	26,897,789,666
Stockholders' Equity		The second control of	DI WILLIAM CANCELLO
Capital stock:			
Common stock - P1 par value		4,764,058,982	4,764,058,982
Preferred stock - P100 par value		1,958,999,000	
Additional paid-in capital		827,732,692	834,439,607
Treasury shares		(6,850,064)	(6,850,064
Retained earnings		19,455,519,514	18,234,935,332
Other components of equity		(12,861,437)	(8,046,511
Equity attributable to non-controlling interest		4,148,160,437	3,965,795,878
Total Equity		31,134,759,125	27,784,333,224
Total Liabilities and Equity		55,825,014,077	54,682,122,890

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS (Amounts expressed in Php)

INCOME Condominium Sales Rental Others EXPENSES Cost of condominium sales General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges INCOME BEFORE SHARE IN LOSS OF	FOR THE THREE (3) M 30-Sep-15 1,296,202,858 651,297,048 143,657,003 2,091,156,908 683,773,014 278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	30-Sep-14 717,196,876 649,835,218 85,251,175 1,452,283,269 474,063,644 109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	FOR THE NINE (9) Mo 30-Sep-15 3,872,253,507 1,980,859,345 237,060,069 6,090,172,921 2,143,185,558 459,633,044 183,002,920	30-Sep-14 2,429,109,025 1,938,494,887 280,440,233 4,648,044,145 1,627,214,447
Condominium Sales Rental Others EXPENSES Cost of condominium sales General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	1,296,202,858 651,297,048 143,657,003 2,091,156,908 683,773,014 278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	717,196,876 649,835,218 85,251,175 1,452,283,269 474,063,644 109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	3,872,253,507 1,980,859,345 237,060,069 6,090,172,921 2,143,185,558 459,633,044	2,429,109,025 1,938,494,887 280,440,233 4,648,044,145
Condominium Sales Rental Others EXPENSES Cost of condominium sales General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	651,297,048 143,657,003 2,091,156,908 683,773,014 278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	649,835,218 85,251,175 1,452,283,269 474,063,644 109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	1,980,859,345 237,060,069 6,090,172,921 2,143,185,558 459,633,044	1,938,494,887 280,440,233 4,648,044,145 1,627,214,447
Rental Others EXPENSES Cost of condominium sales General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	651,297,048 143,657,003 2,091,156,908 683,773,014 278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	649,835,218 85,251,175 1,452,283,269 474,063,644 109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	1,980,859,345 237,060,069 6,090,172,921 2,143,185,558 459,633,044	1,938,494,887 280,440,233 4,648,044,145
EXPENSES Cost of condominium sales General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	143,657,003 2,091,156,908 683,773,014 278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	85,251,175 1,452,283,269 474,063,644 109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	237,060,069 6,090,172,921 2,143,185,558 459,633,044	280,440,233 4,648,044,145 1,627,214,447
EXPENSES Cost of condominium sales General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	2,091,156.908 683,773,014 278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	1,452,283,269 474,063,644 109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	6,090,172,921 2,143,185,558 459,633,044	4,648,044,145 1,627,214,447
Cost of condominium sales General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	683,773,014 278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	474,063,644 109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	2,143,185,558 459,633,044	1,627,214,447
Cost of condominium sales General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	459,633,044	
General and administrative Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	278,256,019 62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	109,761,302 29,958,700 13,702,401	459,633,044	
Taxes, licenses and fees Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	62,942,731 9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	29,958,700 13,702,401		880 911 511
Unreimbursed share in common expenses Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	9,917,257 5,953,099 5,185,104	13,702,401	183 002 020	320,941,910
Depreciation Insurance Interest and bank charges	5,953,099 5,185,104		100,002,920	165,328,355
Insurance Interest and bank charges	5,185,104	C 000 101	35,635,142	51,159,654
Interest and bank charges		5,250,101	17,038,534	14,498,457
	25 811 001	5,363,650	14,042,326	13,288,376
INCOME BEFORE SHARE IN LOSS OF	35,811,081	52,525,978	139,399,932	143,036,443
INCOME BEFORE SHARE IN LOSS OF	1,081,838,305	690,625,776	2,991,937,456	2,335,467,642
AN ASSOCIATE COMPANY SHARE IN LOSS OF AN ASSOCIATED COMPANY	1,009,318,604	761,657,493 (1,080,184)	3,098,235,465	2,312,576,503
INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE MINORITY INTEREST	1,008,095,138	760,577,309	3,094,474,955	2,305,607,162
INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE MINORITI INTEREST	1,000,000,100			
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	(255,545,966)	(180,144,625)	(765,028,557)	(511,690,133
INCOME BEFORE TAX	752,549,173	580,432,684	2,329,446,398	1,793,917,029
MINORITY INTEREST	(116,849,860)	(85,953,527)	(370,764,560)	(240,183,050
NET INCOME	635,699,313	494,479,157	1,958,681,838	1,553,733,979
RETAINED EARNINGS, beg.	19,153,154,625	16,868,339,030	18,234,935,327	16,142,418,632
LESS: CASH DIVIDENDS	(333,334,424)	(309,524,822)	(738,097,652)	(642,859,246
RETAINED EARNINGS, end.	19,455,519,514	17,053,293,365	19.455.519.514	17,053,293,365
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE			-	

(See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements)

SHANG PROPERTIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Amounts expressed in Php)

		September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
	Notes	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net Income before income tax		3,094,474,955	2,305,607,162
Adjustment for:			
Interest income		(146,846,211)	(191,709,624)
Interest expense		131,861,544	141,947,220
Depreciation and amortization		17,038,534	14,498,457
Cumulative translation adjustment		(4,814,926)	114,188
Dividend income		(3,811,272)	(3,907,684)
Change in fair value of financial assets at FVPL		(517,981)	(1,784,412
Share in profit (loss) of associate companies		3,760,510	6,969,342
Unrealized foreign exchange losses (gains) - net		(5,914,726)	(1,625,478
Operating income before working capital changes		3,085,230,426	2,270,109,169
Decrease (increase) in:		5,005,250,120	2,270,107,107
Receivables		826,666,637	366,766,620
		(6,732,177)	(2,601,346,454
Properties held for sale		47,521,098	(136,406,561
Prepayments and other current assets		47,321,096	(150,000,001)
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and other current liabilities		28,620,152	853,376,837
		16,308,228	50,260,731
Deposits from tenants		28,426,307	(1,465,053
Accrued employee benefits		4,026,040,671	801,295,289
Net cash generated from (used in) from operations			(423,475,562
Income taxes paid		(490,181,708)	191,709,624
Interest received		146,357,603 3,682,216,566	569,529,352
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,082,210,300	309,329,332
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to:		(222.216.241)	7000 404 005
Investment properties		(332,316,241)	(288,494,905
Property and equipment		(14,450,637)	(20,884,156
Investment in associates		(4,739,490)	
Decrease (increase) in real estate development projects		(1,295,606,605)	(22,400,224
Decrease (increase) in other assets		(48,712,133)	(32,609,231
Dividends received		3,811,272	3,907,684
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,692,013,834)	(338,080,608
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			2 222 222 222
Proceeds from loan availment, net of debt issue costs		1,483,787,500	3,525,000,000
Payments of:		37 447 474 474	TOTAL COMMENTS OF STREET
Loan principal		(1,895,833,333)	(501,785,714
Interest		(144,212,069)	(141,947,220
Cash dividends paid to stockholders		(921,129,570)	(826,987,706
Acquisition of a subsidiay, net of cash acquired			(1,700,000,000
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,477,387,472)	354,279,360
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH			15/46-190
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		5,914,726	1,625,478
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		518,729,986	587,353,582
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,911,004,820	1,891,446,943
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		3,429,734,806	2,478,800,525

(See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements)

SHANG PROPERTIES INC. & SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Amounts expressed in Php)

(UNAUDITED)

The second secon	Capita	Lstock	Additional	Treasury	Other Components	Retained	Non-controlling	
Notes	Common stock	Preferred stock	paid-in capital	Stock	of Equity	earnings	Interest	Total
Balance as of 1 January 2014	4,764,058,982	-:	834,439,607	(6,850,064)	342,764	16,142,418,632	3,056,381,448	24,790,791,369
Cumulative translation adjustment		- 1	*1	7.5	114,189	920		114,189
Share in minority interest on preferred shares redemption			(681,138,490)	- 2	2	7.5	2,034,991,801	1,353,853,311
Cash dividends 7			1000000 100000 100000 200	20	43	(642,859,246)	(188,400,000)	(831,259,246
Net income for the period	<u> </u>		45	- K)	€)	1.553.733.979	242,915,085	1,796.649,064
Balance as of 30 September 2014	4,764,058,982	-	153,301,117	(6,850,064)	456,953	17.053.293.365	5,145,888,334	27,110,148,687
Balance as of 1 January 2015	4,764,058,982		834,439,607	(6,850,064)	(8,046,511)	18,234,935,332	3,965,795,878	27,784,333,224
APIC from Consolidation of SFBHI and SGCHI		1	(6,706,915)	Military State	: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			(6,706,915
Conversion of deposits to preferred stocks	9	1,958,999,000		49		3.60	3.5	1,958,999,000
Cumulative translation adjustment	2	THE PROPERTY OF	4.	*0	(4,814,926)	0.00	85	(4.814,926
Share in minority interest on preferred shares redemption			51.		7.0			(0
Cash dividends 7				18	25	(738,097,652)	(188,400,000)	(926,497,652
Net income for the period				-0		1,958,681,834	370.764.560	2,329,446,394
Balance as of 30 September 2015	4,764,058,982	1,958,999,000	827,731,692	(6.850,064)	(12,861,437)	19,455.519.514	4,148,160,438	31,134,759,125

(See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements)

SHANG PROPERTIES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES AGING OF TRADE RECEIVABLES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				PAST	DUE	
TENANTS	TOTAL RECEIVABLES	CURRENT	1-30 DAYS	31-60 DAYS	61-90 DAYS	OVER 120
MALL TENANTS	243,951,720	191,517,330	7,547,408	7,785,170	4,407,503	32,694,309
EDSA SHANGRI-LA HOTEL & RESORT	21,497,094	7,251,766	14,245,327	=	-	6
TECC TENANTS	34,974,433	4,230,808	4,823,951	2,564,594	23,355,081	92
INSTALLMENT CONTRACTS RECEIVABLES & OTHERS	3,035,648,108	3,035,648,108	-	25 KA 1	37 13	
	3,336,071,355	3,238,648,013	26,616,686	10,349,764	27,762,584	32,694,309

Note: Installment Contracts Receivables includes current and long-term portion and are covered by post-dated checks from customers.

NSUN ANDREW

Treasurer

SHANG PROPERTIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE NINE (9) MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

1. Summary of Significant Accounting and Financial Reporting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for investment properties, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) and available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements of the Group are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency, with amounts rounded to the nearest Peso.

Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) as issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC).

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and all of its subsidiaries as at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and for each of the two years in the period ended September 30, 2015.

Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary. Specifically, the Group controls the subsidiary if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the subsidiary (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the subsidiary),
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary, and
- The ability to use its power over the subsidiary to affect its returns.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee,
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements, and
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary.
- Derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest (NCI).
- Derecognizes the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity.
- Recognizes the fair value of the consideration received.
- · Recognizes the fair value of any investment retained.
- · Recognizes any surplus or deficit in profit or loss.
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the Parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the NCI having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to align their accounting policies with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company, using consistent accounting policies.

The following are the subsidiaries for which the Parent Company acts as the principal decision maker:

	Effective Percentages of Ownership
	As of 30.09.15
Property Development:	
SPRC	100.00%
SPDI	100.00%
TRDCI	100.00%
SGCPI	60.00%
Leasing:	
SPSI	100.00%
SLPC	100.00%
KSA	52.90%
Real Estate:	
IPPI	100.00%
KRC	100.00%
MBPI	100.00%
NCRI	100.00%
PSI	100.00%
SFBHI	100.00%
SGCHI	100.00%
Property Management:	
KMSC	100.00%
SPMSI	100.00%

Effective Percentages of Ownership

	As of 30.09.15
Others:	
Gipsey (BVI Company)	100.00%
SHIL (BVI Company)	100.00%
ELHI	60.00%

Except for Gipsey and SHIL, which were incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, all the other subsidiaries were incorporated in the Philippines.

Changes in Accounting Policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the following new, amended and improvements to PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) which the Group has adopted during the year. However, they do not impact the consolidated financial statements of the Group, unless otherwise stated below:

- Investment Entities (Amendments to PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, PFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, and PAS 27, Separate Financial Statements)
 - These amendments provide an exception to the consolidation requirement for entities that meet the definition of an investment entity under PFRS 10. The exception to consolidation requires investment entities to account for subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss. The amendments must be applied retrospectively, subject to certain transition relief.
- PAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments)
 These amendments clarify the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right to offset' and the criteria for non-simultaneous settlement mechanisms of clearing houses to qualify for offsetting and are applied retrospectively.
- PAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting (Amendments)
 These amendments provide relief from discontinuing hedge accounting when novation of a derivative designated as a hedging instrument meets certain criteria and retrospective application is required.
- PAS 36, Impairment of Assets Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets (Amendments)
 These amendments remove the unintended consequences of PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, on the disclosures required under PAS 36. In addition, these amendments require disclosure of the recoverable amounts for assets or cash-generating units (CGUs) for which impairment loss has been recognized or reversed during the period.
- Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 21, Levies
 IFRIC 21 clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. For a levy that is

triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the interpretation clarifies that no liability should be anticipated before the specified minimum threshold is reached. Retrospective application is required for IFRIC 21.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs (2010-2012 cycle) (PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement)

 In the 2010 2012 annual improvements cycle, seven amendments to six standards were issued, which included an amendment to PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement. The amendment to PFRS 13 is effective immediately and it clarifies that short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rates can be measured at invoice amounts when the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- Annual Improvements to PFRSs (2011-2013 cycle) (PFRS 1, First-time Adoption of PFRS)
 In the 2011 2013 annual improvements cycle, four amendments to four standards were issued, which included an amendment to PFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards First-time Adoption of PFRS. The amendment to PFRS 1 is effective immediately. It clarifies that an entity may choose to apply either a current standard or a new standard that is not yet mandatory, but permits early application, provided either standard is applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the entity's first PFRS financial statements.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies

New standards issued but not yet effective as at the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements are listed below. This is a listing of standards and interpretations issued, which the Group reasonably expects to be applicable at a future date. The Group intends to adopt these standards when they become effective.

PFRS 9, Financial Instruments - Classification and Measurement (2010 version) PFRS 9 (2010 version) reflects the first phase on the replacement of PAS 39 and applies to the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities as defined in PAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. PFRS 9 requires all financial assets to be measured at fair value at initial recognition. A debt financial asset may, if the fair value option (FVO) is not invoked, be subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model that has the objective to hold the assets to collect the contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. All other debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. All equity financial assets are measured at fair value either through other comprehensive income (OCI) or profit or loss. Equity financial assets held for trading must be measured at fair value through profit or loss. For FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in OCI. The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. All other PAS 39 classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities have been carried forward into PFRS 9, including the embedded derivative separation rules and the criteria for using the FVO. The adoption of the first phase of PFRS 9 will have an effect on the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets, but will potentially have no impact on the classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

PFRS 9 (2010 version) is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. This mandatory adoption date was moved to January 1, 2018 when the final version of PFRS 9 was adopted by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC). Such adoption, however, is still for approval by the Board of Accountancy (BOA).

Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 15, Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate This interpretation covers accounting for revenue and associated expenses by entities that undertake the construction of real estate directly or through subcontractors. The interpretation requires that revenue on construction of real estate be recognized only upon completion, except when such contract qualifies as construction contract to be accounted for under PAS 11 or involves rendering of services in which case revenue is recognized based on stage of completion. Contracts involving provision of services with the construction materials and where the risks and reward of ownership are transferred to the buyer on a continuous basis will also be accounted for based on stage The SEC and the FRSC have deferred the effectivity of this of completion. interpretation until the final Revenue standard is issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and an evaluation of the requirements of the final Revenue standard against the practices of the Philippine real estate industry is completed. The adoption of this interpretation will result to a change in the revenue and cost recognition from percentage of completion method to completed contract method. The Group is still monitoring the impact of this new interpretation to its consolidated financial statements.

The following new standards and amendments issued by the IASB were already adopted by the FRSC but are still for approval by BOA.

Effective January 1, 2015

 PAS 19, Employee Benefits - Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions (Amendments)

PAS 19 requires an entity to consider contributions from employees or third parties when accounting for defined benefit plans. Where the contributions are linked to service, they should be attributed to periods of service as a negative benefit. These amendments clarify that, if the amount of the contributions is independent of the number of years of service, an entity is permitted to recognize such contributions as a reduction in the service cost in the period in which the service is rendered, instead of allocating the contributions to the periods of service. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. It is not expected that this amendment would be relevant to the Group, since none of the entities within the Group has defined benefit plans with contributions from employees or third parties.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs (2010-2012 cycle)
 The Annual Improvements to PFRSs (2010-2012 cycle) are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015 and are not expected to have a material impact on the Group. They include:
 - PFRS 2, Share-based Payment Definition of Vesting Condition;

- PFRS 3, Business Combinations Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination;
- PFRS 8, Operating Segments Aggregation of Operating Segments and Reconciliation of the Total of the Reportable Segments' Assets to the Entity's Assets;
- PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement Short-term Receivables and Payables;
- PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment Revaluation Method Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Depreciation;
- PAS 24, Related Party Disclosures Key Management Personnel; and
- PAS 38, Intangible Assets Revaluation Method Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Amortization.
- Annual Improvements to PFRSs (2011-2013 cycle) The Annual Improvements to PFRSs (2011-2013 cycle) are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015 and are not expected to have a material impact on the Group. They include:
 - PFRS 1, First-time Adoption of PFRS Meaning of 'Effective PFRSs';
 - PFRS 3, Business Combinations Scope Exceptions for Joint Arrangements;
 - PFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement Portfolio Exception; and
 - PAS 40, Investment Property.

Effective January 1, 2016

- PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements and PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture. These amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in PFRS 10 and those in PAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. These amendments are effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016.
- PFRS 11, Joint Arrangements Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (Amendments)
 - The amendments to PFRS 11 require that a joint operator accounting for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation, in which the activity of the joint operation constitutes a business must apply the relevant PFRS 3 principles for business combinations accounting. The amendments also clarify that a previously held interest in a joint operation is not remeasured on the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation while joint control is retained. In addition, a scope exclusion has been added to PFRS 11 to specify that the amendments do not apply when the parties sharing joint control, including the reporting entity, are under common control of the same ultimate controlling party.

The amendments apply to both the acquisition of the initial interest in a joint operation and the acquisition of any additional interests in the same joint operation and are prospectively effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with

early adoption permitted. These amendments are not expected to have any impact to the Group.

PFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts

PFRS 14 is an optional standard that allows an entity, whose activities are subject to rate-regulation, to continue applying most of its existing accounting policies for regulatory deferral account balances upon its first-time adoption of PFRS. Entities that adopt PFRS 14 must present the regulatory deferral accounts as separate line items on the statement of financial position and present movements in these account balances as separate line items in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The standard requires disclosures on the nature of, and risks associated with, the entity's rate-regulation and the effects of that rate-regulation on its financial statements. PFRS 14 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016. Since the Group is an existing PFRS preparer, this standard would not apply.

- PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment, and PAS 38, Intangible Assets Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendments). The amendments clarify the principle in PAS 16 and PAS 38 that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating a business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through use of the asset. As a result, a revenue-based method cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortize intangible assets. The amendments are effective prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. These amendments are not expected to have any impact to the Group given that the Group has not used a revenue-based method to depreciate its non-current assets.
- PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment, and PAS 41, Agriculture Bearer Plants (Amendments)

The amendments change the accounting requirements for biological assets that meet the definition of bearer plants. Under the amendments, biological assets that meet the definition of bearer plants will no longer be within the scope of PAS 41. Instead, PAS 16 will apply. After initial recognition, bearer plants will be measured under PAS 16 at accumulated cost (before maturity) and using either the cost model or revaluation model (after maturity). The amendments also require that produce that grows on bearer plants will remain in the scope of PAS 41 measured at fair value less costs to sell. For government grants related to bearer plants, PAS 20, Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance, will apply. The amendments are retrospectively effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. These amendments are not expected to have any impact to the Group as the Group does not have any bearer plants.

 PAS 27, Separate Financial Statements - Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendments)

The amendments will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. Entities already applying PFRS and electing to change to the equity method in its separate financial statements will have to apply that change retrospectively. For first-time adopters of PFRS electing to use the equity method in its separate financial statements, they will be required to apply this method from the date of transition to

PFRS. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, with early adoption permitted. These amendments will not have any impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs (2012-2014 cycle) The Annual Improvements to PFRSs (2012-2014 cycle) are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016 and are not expected to have a material impact on the Group. They include:
 - PFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations Changes in Methods of Disposal;
 - PFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures Servicing Contracts;
 - PFRS 7 Applicability of the Amendments to PFRS 7 to Condensed Interim Financial Statements;
 - PAS 19, Employee Benefits Regional Market Issue Regarding Discount Rate; and
 - PAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting Disclosure of Information 'Elsewhere in the Interim Financial Report'.

Effective January 1, 2018

 PFRS 9, Financial Instruments - Hedge Accounting and amendments to PFRS 9, PFRS 7 and PAS 39 (2013 version)

PFRS 9 (2013 version) already includes the third phase of the project to replace PAS 39 which pertains to hedge accounting. This version of PFRS 9 replaces the rules-based hedge accounting model of PAS 39 with a more principles-based approach. Changes include replacing the rules-based hedge effectiveness test with an objectives-based test that focuses on the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, and the effect of credit risk on that economic relationship; allowing risk components to be designated as the hedged item, not only for financial items but also for non-financial items, provided that the risk component is separately identifiable and reliably measurable; and allowing the time value of an option, the forward element of a forward contract and any foreign currency basis spread to be excluded from the designation of a derivative instrument as the hedging instrument and accounted for as costs of hedging. PFRS 9 also requires more extensive disclosures for hedge accounting.

PFRS 9 (2013 version) has no mandatory effective date. The mandatory effective date of January 1, 2018 was eventually set when the final version of PFRS 9 was adopted by the FRSC. The adoption of the final version of PFRS 9, however, is still for approval by BOA.

The adoption of PFRS 9 is not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

• PFRS 9, Financial Instruments (2014 or final version)
In July 2014, the final version of PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, was issued. PFRS 9 reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces PAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, and all previous versions of PFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting. PFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after

January 1, 2018, with early application permitted. Retrospective application is required, but comparative information is not compulsory. Early application of previous versions of PFRS 9 is permitted if the date of initial application is before February 1, 2015. The adoption of PFRS 9 is not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The following new standard issued by the IASB has not yet been adopted by the FRSC.

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 was issued in May 2014 and establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15 revenue is recognized at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer.

The principles in IFRS 15 provide a more structured approach to measuring and recognizing revenue. The new revenue standard is applicable to all entities and will supersede all current revenue recognition. Either a full or modified retrospective application is required for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 with early adoption permitted. The Group is currently assessing the impact of IFRS 15 and plans to adopt the new standard on the required effective date once adopted locally.

2. Segment Information

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed according to the nature of the products and services marketed, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

The Group has operations only in the Philippines.

The Group derives revenues from two main segments as follows:

Property Development

This business segment pertains to the sale of condominium units.

Leasing

This business segment pertains to the leasing operations of the Shangri-La Plaza Mall, TEC and their related carpark operations. It also includes leasing of a portion of the Parent Company's land to ESHRI.

Other business segments pertain to property management services and the results of operations of real estate entities and BVI companies.

Except for the rental revenue from ESHRI, revenues come from transactions with third parties. There is no transaction with a single external customer that amounts to 10% or more of the Group's aggregate revenues.

The segment assets, liabilities and results of operations of the reportable segments of the Group as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Property				192000 Ct. 9000 To.	120 121 121
	Development	Leasing	Others	Total Segments	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues:	24 - 27 - 27 - 24 - 2 - 200 C - 27 - 27 - 27 - 27 - 27 - 27 - 27 -		time (1)	77.077.472.505	20	D2 053 353 505
Condominium sales	₽ 3,872,253,507	₽-	₽-	P3,872,253,507	P-	£3,872,253,507
Rental	:	2,154,931,454	-	2,154,931,454	(174,072,109)	1,980,859,345
Cinema	3.7	44,845,457	-	44,845,457	_	44,845,457
Cost of condominium sales	(2,143,185,558)			(2,143,185,558)		(2,143,185,558)
Gross profit or revenues	1,729,067,949	2,199,776,911		3,928,844,860	(174,072,109)	3,754,772,751
Other income	45,454,207	17,743,825	16,521,153	79,719,185	(40,,265,510)	39,453,675
Staff costs	(170,536,210)	(166,563,994)	(8,222,172)	(345,322,377)	41,518,271	(303,804,106)
General and administrative expenses	(76,735,036)	(77,786,583)	(1,307,319)	(155,828,938	2	(155,828,938)
Taxes and licenses	(81,696,859)	(100,670,778)	(635,282)	(183,002,920)	2	(183,002,920)
Unreimbursed share in common expenses	<u> </u>	(35,635,142)	_	(35,635,142)	□	(35,635,142)
Depreciation and amortization	(3,503,139)	(13,762,416)	(113,943)	(17,038,534)	22	(17,038,534)
Insurance	(260,022)	(13,762,416)	(19,888)	(14,042,326)		(14,042,326)
	1,441,790,889	1,809,680,370	6,222,550	3,257,693,808	(172,819,348)	3,084,874,460
Segment results	130,604,422	16,018,435	223,355	146,846,211	-	146,846,211
Interest income	5,124,811	711,621	18,294	5,914,726	2	5,914,726
Foreign exchange gains – net Share in net losses of associates	5,12-1,011		(3,760,510)	(3,760,510)	20	(3,760,510)
	(553,828)	(138,842,478)	(3,625)	(139, 399, 932)	_	(139, 399, 932)
Interest expense and bank charges	(466,499,478)	(296,304,153)	(2,224,926)	(765,028,557)	_	(765,028,557)
Provision for income tax	₽1,110,466,815	₽1,391,323,794	₽475,137	£2,502,265,747	(P172,819,348)	P2,329,446,399
Net income for the year	F1,110,400,012	PIONICACIO		#250 To Your T	SERVENT AND LODGE TO BE	4-5-85-6 (Sept. 19-5-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-
Segment assets	P27,748,428,925	P23,561,952,580	£6,208,419,809	£57,518,801,314	(₽2,109,316,953)	£55,409,484,361
Associate companies			415,529,716	415,529,716	=	415,529,716
Total assets	P27,748,428,925	P23,561,952,580	₽6,623,949,525	₽57,934,331,030	(£2,109,316,953)	P56,825,014,077
Segment liabilities	P16,893,637,789	₽10,640,253,187	₽5,143,286,880	₽32,677,177,856	(P7,986,922,905)	P24,690,254,951
Capital expenditures for the year	P24,055,979	£7,490,691	₽113,933	P31,660,603		P31,660,603

The segment assets, liabilities and results of operations of the reportable segments of the Group as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Property	Y	Others	Tatal Cassasta	ru - t - d	GBased
	Development	Leasing	Others	Total Segments	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues:	DO 764 077 000		P.	D2 57 / 255 002		D2 E44 2EE 002
Condominium sales	₽3,764,277,893	P _	₽-	P3,764,277,893	₽_	₽3,764,277,893
Rental		2,859,846,490	-	2,859,846,490	(234,952,844)	2,624,893,646
Cinema	see and reserve and the	60,367,560		60,367,560	-	60,367,560
Cost of condominium sales	(2,442,444,122)		3=3	(2,442,444,122)	S -	(2,442,444,122)
Gross profit or revenues	1,321,833,771	2,920,214,050	1000 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	4,242,047,821	(234,952,844)	4,007,094,977
Other income	54,802,220	22,905.278	870,245,781	947,953,279	(55,546,454)	892,406,825
Staff costs	(186,632,688)	(208,960,295)	47,259,488	(348, 333, 495)	52,794,352	(295,539,143)
General and administrative expenses	(75,981,444)	(112,546,749)	(4,081,096)	(192,609,289)	(715,398)	(193,324,687)
Taxes and licenses	(62,360,811)	(153,852,189)	10,766,158	(205,446,842)	80 MM 75	(205,446,842)
Unreimbursed share in common expenses	9 / 3 4	(85,943,421)	S 6 :=:	(85,943,421)		(85,943,421)
Depreciation and amortization	(3,096,050)	(17.149.771)	(168,336)	(20,414,157)	1.44	(20,414,157)
Insurance	(245,975)	(17,278,530)	(95,762)	(17,620,267)	_	(17,620,267)
Segment results	1,048,319,023	2,347,388,373	923,926,233	4,319,633,629	(238,420,344)	4,081,213,285
Interest income	248,906,607	20,273,985	180,437	269,361,029		269,361,029
Foreign exchange gains - net	384,872	493,969	1,889	880,730	3-2	880,730
Share in net losses of associates	-	0.10000000	(9,692,903)	(9,692,903)	32	(9,692,903)
Interest expense and bank charges	(1,077,448)	(225,974,531)	(14,365)	(227,066,344)	122	(227,066,344)
Provision for income tax	(425,532,864)	(367,676,454)	(202, 292, 421)	(995,501,739)	22	(995,501,739)
Net income for the year	₽871,000,190	₽1,774,505,342	₽712,108,870	₽3,357,614,402	(£238,420,344)	₽3,119,194,058
Segment assets	₽33,821,813,379	₽23,502,537,637	₽6,366,625,171	₽63,690,976,187	(£9,419,643,526)	₽54,271,332,661
Associate companies	9=6	-	410,790,229	410,790,229		410,790,229
Total assets	₽33,821,813,379	₽23,502,537,637	₽6,777,415,400	₽64,101,766,416	(₽9,419,643,526)	P54,682,122,890
Segment liabilities	₽19,605,625,096	₽12,198,862,918	₽5,138,635,900	₽36,943,123,914	(P10,045,334,248)	₽26,897,789,666
Capital expenditures for the year	₽3,429,204	₽183,315,521	₽337,114	₽187,081,839	₽21,398,562	₽165,683,277

in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the CGU retained.

4. Associate companies

The breakdown of investment in associates is as follows:

Associate acquired thru the merger:

Sky Leisure Properties Inc.	₽415,142,576
Other investments	387,140
Carrying value of investment in associates as of 30 Sept. 2015	₽415,529,716

5. Property and Equipment

This account consists of:

Net book value as at 30 September 2015	₽32,335,040	₽11,150,936	₽37,974,079	£81,460,053
Reclassification	V-72		(171,430)	(171,430)
Depreciation	(4,300,044)	(1,745,655)	(10,992,835)	(17,038,534)
Additions	48,214	4,750,604	26,861,785	31,660,603
1 January 2015	₽36,586,869	P8,145,990	₽22,276,558	₽67,009,417
Net book value as at				
	Building and building improvement	Transportation Equipment	Furniture, Fixtures and other Office Equipment	Total

6. Bank Loans

Principal payments during the period amounted to \$\textstyle{21}\$,895.8 million, while proceeds from loan availment amounted to \$\textstyle{21}\$,483.8 million used to finance the Group's various projects.

7. Dividends

On 27 March 2015, the Board of Directors approved the declaration of £404.9 million cash dividends to all stockholders of record as of April 15, 2015 to be taken from the unrestricted retained earnings of the Parent Company as of December 31,.

On 18 August 2015, the Board of Directors approved the declaration \$\mathbb{P}333.4\$ cash dividends to all stockholders of record as of September 03, 2015 to be taken from the unrestricted retained earnings of the Parent Company as of June 2015.

8. Related Party Transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by or under common control with the Group, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries, are related parties of the Group. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Group and close members of the family of these individuals, and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

The following are the transactions with related parties:

Related Party Transactions and Balances which were Not Eliminated During Consolidation
The terms, conditions, balances and the volume of related party transactions which were not
eliminated during consolidation are as follows:

Transactions with affiliates

- a. A portion of the Parent Company's land is being leased by ESHRI, where the EDSA Shangri-La Manila Hotel (the Hotel) is located. The lease is for a period of 25 years commencing on August 28, 1992 and renewable for another 25 years at the option of ESHRI. Rental revenue is based on a fixed percentage of the Hotel's room, food and beverage, dry goods and other service revenue.
- b. SPMSI provides management services to TECCC, TSFSPCC, and TSGTCC for a minimum period of five years starting January 7, 2009, April 1, 2010 and January 7, 2007, respectively. As consideration, SPMSI shall receive from TSGTCC, TECCC and TSFSPCC monthly management fees of ₽400,000, ₽100,000 and ₽100,000, respectively, inclusive of VAT, with an escalation rate of 10% per annum. The parties agree mutually on the renewal of the agreements.
- Reimbursement of expenses paid for by SLPC for ESHRI.
- d. Condominium dues charged by TSFSPCC and TECCC.
- e. SPSI operates and manages the parking facilities of ESHRI for fixed monthly concession fee starting January 1, 2010. This fee is included in the "Others" under "Other Income (Charges)".
- f. Sharing of expenses with affiliates.

9. Subsequent Events

There are no significant subsequent events that happened as of September 30, 2015 that needs disclosure herein.

10. Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2015:

	Fair Value Measurement Using				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total	
Assets Measured at Fair Value Financial assets at FVPL	P33,530,505	p _	P_	P33,530,505	
Investment properties: Land Buildings	<u>=</u>	13,428,400,270	14,014,783,459	13,428,400,270 14,014,783,459	
	P33,530,505	13,428,400,270 P13,428,400,270	14,014,783,459 £14,014,783,459	27,443,183,729 P 27,476,714,234	
Loans and receivables Receivables* Refundable deposits	P-	P2,649,186,956 117,205,887 2,766,392,843	P- -	P2,649,186,956 117,205,887 2,766,392,843	
AFS financial assets: Unquoted Quoted	13,196,515 13,196,515	2,700,392,843	488,826,327 488,826,327	488,826,327 13,196,515 502,022,847	
	₽13,196,515	P2,973,695,746	£488,826,327	P3,268,415,685	
Liabilities for which Fair Values are Disclosed Accounts payable and other					
current liabilities** Bank loans Deposits from tenants Accrued employee benefits***	₽- - -	£3,309,832,363 11,736,623,072 1,000,792,557 11,719,615	P- - -	P3,309,832,36 17,736,623,07 1,000,792,55 11,719,61	
Actual employee benefus	₽-	₽16,058,967,606	P-	P16,058,967,60	

^{*}Excluding advances to contractors and suppliers of P694,940,838.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2014:

	Fair Value Measurement Using				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total	
Assets Measured at Fair Value Financial assets at FVPL	₽33,012,524	₽-	₽–	₽33,012,524	
Investment properties: Land Buildings	_	13,428,400,270	13,682,467,218	13,428,400,270 13,682,467,218	
	<u> </u>	13,428,400,270	13,682,467,218	27,110,867,488	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	P33,012,524	P13,428,400,270	P13,682,467,218	P27,143,880,012	

^{**} Excluding customers' deposits, reservation payable, output VAT, deferred output VAT and withholding taxes.

^{***}Excluding accrued retirement benefits of #28,356,114 in 2015.

	Fair Value Measurement Using				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total	
Assets for which Fair Values are Disclosed Loans and receivables					
Receivables*	P-	P1,811,049,656	₽-	P1,811,049,656	
Refundable deposits		68,493,754		68,493,754	
TOTAL SECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH	_	1,879,543,410	_	1,879,543,410	
AFS financial assets:		De-Italian Alban A			
Unquoted	_	_	488,826,327	488,826,32	
Quoted	13,196,515	04		13,196,51	
	13,196,515	595	488,826,327	502,022,842	
	P13,196,515	₽1,879,543,410	₽488,826,327	P2,381,566,252	
Liabilities for which Fair					
Values are Disclosed					
Accounts payable and other			V <u>25</u> 31		
current liabilities**	₽-	₽3,392,834,018	₽_	P3,392,834,01	
Bank loans	_	12,148,668,905	-	12,148,668,90	
Deposits from tenants		978,444,217	-	978,444,21	
Accrued employee benefits***		12,875,707	-	12,875,70	
	₽_	P16,532,822,847	₽-	P16,532,822,84	

^{*} Net of unamortized discount and unearned income of P4,270,960,875 in 2014 and advances to contractors and suppliers of

***Excluding accrued retirement benefits of P55,626,328

The Group's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There have been no assets and liabilities transferred between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practicable to estimate such value:

Financial Assets at FVPL

The fair value of financial assets at FVPL is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. The quoted market prices used for financial assets held by the Group were the current bid prices.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, Receivables, Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities, Dividends Payable and Accrued Employee Benefits

Due to the short-term nature of cash and cash equivalents, receivables other than installment contracts receivable, accounts payable and other current liabilities, dividends payable and accrued employee benefits their carrying values were assessed to approximate their fair values.

^{**} Excluding customers' deposits, reservation payable, output VAT, deferred output VAT and withholding taxes.

Installment Contracts Receivable

The fair value of installment contracts receivable approximates their carrying value as the interest rates they carry approximate the interest rates on comparable instruments in the market.

Refundable Deposits and Deposits from Tenants

The fair values of deposits from tenants were based on the present value of estimated future cash flows using MART-1 rates at the reporting date.

AFS Financial Assets

The fair value of quoted equity securities is based on market bid prices as of the reporting date. The fair value of unquoted equity securities is not reasonably determinable.

Bank Loans

The carrying value of the bank loans with variable interest rates approximates their fair value because of recent and quarterly repricing based on market conditions.

11. Financial Risk Management Objective and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at FVPL, loans and receivables, AFS financial assets and other financial liabilities. These are held primarily to finance the Group's operations and capital expenditures. The Group's financial instruments, such as cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and trade payables, arise directly from the conduct of the Group's operations.

The main risks arising from the use of the financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Risk management is carried out by the Group's management under policies approved by the Board. The Group's management identifies and evaluates financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units.

The main objective of the Group's financial risk management is to minimize the potential adverse effects of the unpredictability of financial markets on the Group's financial performance. The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as follows:

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The cash flows of the Group's bank loans that are exposed to interest rate risk as of June 30, 2015.

Interest rates on all bank loans are based on the higher between the PDST-F rate and the BSP overnight borrowing rate.

The Group's interest rate risk management policy focuses on reducing the overall interest expense and exposure to change in interest rates. Changes in market interest rates relate primarily to the Group's interest-bearing loans with floating interest rates as it can cause a change in the amount of interest payments.

Interest on financial instruments with floating rates is repriced at intervals of less than one year. Interest on financial instruments with fixed rates is fixed until the maturity of the instrument. The other financial instruments of the Group that are not included in the tables above are noninterest-bearing and are therefore not subject to interest rate risk. The Group invests excess funds in short-term placements in order to mitigate any increase in interest rate on borrowings.

The following table represents the impact on the Group's income before income tax brought about by reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, as of September 30, 2015 until its next financial reporting date:

Effect on Income before Income	
Tax	Change in Interest Rate
(P78,045,543)	Increase by 0.95%
₽78,045,543	Decrease by 0.95%

There is no other effect on the Group's equity other than those already affecting profit or loss.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Group will incur losses because its counterparties failed to discharge their contractual obligations. The Group has no significant concentration on credit risk. Sales of residential condominium units that are on installment basis are supported by post-dated checks from the buyers. Titles to properties sold are not released unless full payment is received. In the case of leasing operation, tenants are subjected to credit evaluation and are required to put up security deposits and pay advance rentals, if necessary.

The following table shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for each component of financial assets in the consolidated statements of financial position:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Financial assets at FVPL	₽ 33,530,505	P33,012,524
Loans and receivables:		
Cash and cash equivalents*	3,423,495,167	2,630,057,461
Receivables:		
Installment contracts receivable	2,205,432,717	2,842,228,694
Rent	327,555,287	201,286,080
Related parties	43,296,434	42,794,110
Advances to officers and employees	3,675,676	7,695,914
Interest	2,186,131	1,697,524
Others	67,040,710	30,578,550
Cash in escrow**	4,275,000	352,027,489
Refundable deposits	117,205,887	68,493,754
	6,194,163,010	6,176,859,576
AFS financial assets	502,822,842	502,822,842
TAL O AND THE STATE OF THE STAT	₽6,730,516,357	P6,712,694,942

Excludes cash on hand of P6.239.638 in 2015 and P280,947,359 in 2014.

^{**} Under prepayments and other current assets.

3. Business Combination

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any NCI in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the NCI in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred and included in administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

When such an acquisition is not judged to be an acquisition of a business, it is not treated as a business combination. Rather, the cost to acquire the corporate entity is allocated between the identifiable assets and liabilities of the entity based on their relative fair values at the acquisition date. Accordingly, no goodwill or additional deferred tax arises.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, any previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. It is then considered in the determination of goodwill.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of PAS 39 is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized either in profit or loss or as a change to OCI. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of PAS 39, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate PFRS. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for NCI, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognized at the acquisition date. If the re-assessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognized in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's CGUs that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a CGU and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed

The following tables provide information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Group by classifying its financial assets according to the credit ratings of the debtors as of September 30, 2015:

			2015	
	Neither Past Du	Neither Past Due nor Impaired		
	Non-Investment Grade: Satisfactory	Non-Investment Grade: Unsatisfactory	Past Due and Impaired	Total
Financial assets at FVPL	P33,530,505	P-	P-	P33,530,505
Loans and receivables:	A STATE OF THE STA	8		
Cash and cash equivalents*	3,423,495,167	3 -	-	1,749,646,055
Receivables:		72 -4	1990	
Installment contracts				
receivable	2,205,432,717	e 9 <u>e</u> r	()	2,205,432,717
Rent	327,555,287	8 22	(<u></u> ?	327,555,287
Related parties	43,296,434	=	(22)	43,296,434
Advances to officers and				
employees	3,675,676	g =	_	3,675,676
Interest	2,186,131) <u>-</u>	_	2,186,131
Others	58,984,270		8,056,440	67,040,710
Cash in escrow**	4,275,710	2	12/1	4,275,710
Refundable deposits	117,205,887	<u> </u>	32	111,702,493
	6,194,163,010		8,056,440	6,194,163,010
AFS financial assets	502,822,842	-	_	502,822,842
	P6,722,459,917	₽-	₽8,056,440	P6,730,516,35

^{*} Excludes cash on hand of ₽6,239,638 in 2015 and ₽280,947,359 in 2014.

Financial instruments classified under "neither past due nor impaired" include high grade credit quality instruments because there were few or no history of default on the agreed terms of the contract. "Past due and impaired" pertains to those financial instruments that are long outstanding and have been provided with allowance for impairment losses. The credit quality of the financial assets classified under neither past due not impaired was determined as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at FVPL and AFS financial assets are based on the nature of the counterparties and the Group's internal rating system.

Receivables which are satisfactory pertains to receivables from existing and active tenants, customers, related parties, counter parties, officers and employees; while unsatisfactory pertains to receivables from tenants, customers, related parties and counter parties that have already ceased their respective operations, and officers and employees that are no longer employed by the Group.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at reasonable prices. The Group maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents in order to fund its operations. The Group monitors its cash flows and carefully matches the cash receipts from its condominium sales and leasing operations against cash requirements for its construction activities. The Group utilizes its borrowing capacity, if necessary, to further bolster its cash reserves.

^{**} Under prepayments and other current assets.

The following tables summarize the maturity profile of financial assets compared with the contractual undiscounted payments of financial liabilities in order to provide a complete view of the Group's liquidity as of September 30, 2015:

	2015					
	Within 1 Year	Over 1 to 3 Years	Over 3 to 5 Years	Over 5 Years	Total	
Financial Assets	7047487821c-1150	25.50	20	5250	10000100000000	
Financial assets at FVPL	£33,530,505	P-	P-	P	₽33,530,505	
Loans and receivables:						
Cash and cash equivalents	3,423,495,167	-	100	97	1,749,646,055	
Receivables:						
Installment contracts					(C)	
receivable	2,205,432,717		12	- 42	2,431,743,475	
Rent	327,555,287		<u>~</u>		336,768,536	
Related parties	43,296,434	-	=	-	53,565,159	
Advances to officers and	8 8				58 38	
employees	3,675,676	-	-		4,637,334	
Interest	2,186,131	<u>=</u>	<u>-8</u>		500,284	
Others	67,040,710	~		=	34,778,464	
Cash in escrow*	4,275,000	-	-	-	695,660,039	
Refundable deposits	50 10 pp	117,205,887	_		111,702,493	
	6,076,957,122	117,205,887	_		6,194,163,009	
AFS financial assets	502,822,842	797			502,822,842	
	₽6,613,310,469	P117,205,887	₽-	₽-	₽6,730,516,356	
Other Financial Liabilities						
Accounts payable and other						
current liabilities**	₽ 3,309,832,363	₽-	₽_	₽-	P3,453,410,715	
Bank loans		666,666,667	1154,166,667	9,915,789,738		
Deposits from tenants	484,423,000	516,369,557			1,000,792,557	
Accrued employee benefits***	11,719,615	enoniar est ne		- 4	11,719,615	
	£3,805,974,978	P1,183,036,224	P1.154.166,667	P9,915,789,738	₽ 16,058,967,607	

^{*} Under prepayments and other current assets.

^{**} Excluding customers' deposits, reservation payable, output VAT, deferred output VAT and withholding taxes.

^{***} Excluding accrued retirement benefits of #28,356,114.